# The Pyongyang Times

No. 30 (727) Weekly Saturday, July 15, 1978 PYONGYANG, DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA


## Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

### Meets Pakistani Ambassador

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on July 3 met Anwer Saeed, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan to the DPRK, who paid a farewell call on him before leaving for home at the recall of his home government.

Present on the occasion was Ho Dam, Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung talked with the ambassador in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

## Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

### Receives Credentials from New Ambassadors

#### From Polish Ambassador

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, on July 5 received credentials from Jerzy Penkala, new Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Polish People's Republic to the DPRK.

Present at the presentation ceremony were Comrade Rim Chun Chu, Secretary of the Central People's Committee of the DPRK, and Comrade Ho Dam, Vice-Premier of the Administration Council and Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Staff members of the Polish embassy in Pyongyang were also present.

After receiving the credentials, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a talk with the ambassador in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

#### From Burmese Ambassador

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the DPRK, on July 5 received credentials from U Tha Tun, new Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma to the DPRK.

Present at the presentation ceremony were Comrade Rim Chun Chu, Secretary of the Central People's Committee of the DPRK, and Comrade Ho Dam, Vice-Premier of the Administration Council and Minister of Foreign Affairs.

A staff member of the Burmese embassy in Pyongyang was also present.

After receiving the credentials, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung conversed with the ambassador in an atmosphere of cordiality and friendship.

### ON THE OCCASION OF THE MONTH OF ANTI-US JOINT STRUGGLE

## Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

### Receives Personal Letter and Messages from Foreign Heads of State

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a personal letter and messages of solidarity from Party and state leaders of various countries on the occasion of the month of anti-US joint struggle.

A personal letter came from Comrade Pol Pot, Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Kampuchea and Prime Minister of the Government of Democratic Kampuchea.

The letter extended invariable firm solidarity of the Communist Party of Kampuchea and the Government and people of Democratic Kampuchea to the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people and expressed full support for the three principles and five-point policy for national reunification put forward by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

It pointed out that while reinforcing their military bases in south Korea, the US imperialists manipulate puppet Pak Jung Hi to reject the North-South Joint Statement and intensify suppression of the south Korean people and patriotic figures who demand the reunification of the country. It condemned the heinous plot of the US imperialists for "cross recognition" and "simultaneous UN membership" of the north and the south designed to keep Korea split indefinitely and occupy and control the southern half of Korea continuously. It also castigated the sinister machination of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique for "separate UN membership".

The letter manifested the conviction that the heroic Korean people who have the tradition of a protracted revolutionary struggle and hold high the banner of the Juche idea will, under the wise guidance of their respected and beloved leader and General Secretary Comrade Kim Il Sung, surely achieve national reunification in the near future through their own staunch struggle and the positive and resolute support of the world's people.

Messages of solidarity came from Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu, General Secretary of the Romanian Communist Party and President of the Romanian Socialist Republic; His Excellency Mohamed Anwar el-Sadat, President of the Arab Republic of Egypt; His Excellency Mathieu Kerekou, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Party of the People's Revolution of Benin, President, Head of State and Head of the Military Revolutionary Government of the People's Republic of Benin; His Excellency Houari Boumedienne, President of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic and President of the Council of Revolution; His Majesty Bokassa the First, Emperor of Central Africa; His Excellency Yasser Arafat, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organization and Commander-in-Chief of the Palestinian Revolution Forces; His Excellency Didier Ratsiraka, President of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar; the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Greece (Interior); and Santiago Carillio, General Secretary of the Communist Party of Spain.

The messages congratulated the Korean people on the successes gained under the wise leadership of the great leader in their struggle against imperialism. They fully supported the three principles and five-point policy for national reunification advanced by him and expressed firm solidarity with the struggle of the Korean people to drive out the US imperialists from south Korea and reunify the country independently without any outside interference.

## Report on Joint Meeting of Political Committee, CC, WPK And DPRK Central People's Committee

A joint meeting of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Central People's Committee of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea was held on July 12.

The joint meeting was presided over by the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

It was attended by the Members and Alternate Members of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Party, Secretaries of the Central Committee of the Party, and Members of the Central People's Committee.

Heard and discussed at the joint meeting were the policy of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea associated with the questions to be discussed at the Conference of Foreign Ministers of Non-aligned Countries scheduled in Belgrade between July 25 and 29 and the action line of the delegation of our country which will attend it.

**At the joint meeting, the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung made an important concluding speech clarifying the stand of our Party and the Government of our Republic towards the questions facing the Non-aligned Movement at the present juncture.**

Underscoring, to begin with, the significance of the Conference of Foreign Ministers of Non-aligned Countries to be held in Belgrade, the historical venue of the First Conference of Heads of State and Government of Non-aligned Countries which marked the beginning of the Non-aligned Movement, the joint meeting noted:

Today the internal and external situation of the Non-aligned Movement is very complicated and entangled and, for this, our movement is undergoing twists and turns. But the situation as a whole is developing as ever in favour of the peoples who are advancing under the banner of independence.

The Non-aligned Movement which appeared on the historical scene as an independent political force, reflecting the powerful tide of independence, is a mighty anti-imperialist revolutionary force of our era.

It forcefully inspires and stimulates the struggle of the peoples against aggression and plunder by imperialism and colonialism, old and new, and for the building of a new society and exerts a great influence on the revolutionary cause of the world and the development of the international situation.

In the past period, a number of international problems were fairly solved by the joint struggle of the non-aligned countries.

This proved that the arbitrariness of the imperialists could be brought to an end in the international arena and all the problems be settled in the interests of the peoples, provided the non-aligned countries struggle in unity.

Referring to the new advancement made in the work for the implementation of the declaration and resolutions adopted at the Colombo Summit Conference and the manoeuvres of the imperialists and the dominationist forces for curbing the development of the Non-aligned Movement over the last two years since the conference, the joint meeting pointed out:

The imperialists, seized with uneasiness and fear at the development of the Non-aligned Movement, are resorting to more persistent and undisguised machinations than ever before to keep off the influence of this movement and sap and undermine it.

The imperialist forces leave no means untried in their efforts to maintain their old dominating position and subjugate again the countries which have won independence and plunder them.

Lately, in particular, all the dominating forces such as imperialism, old and new colonialism and racism are engaged in fierce scrambles everywhere in the world to draw non-aligned countries into the sphere of their domination by estranging them from each other and splitting them, and are craftily scheming to disorganise the Non-aligned Movement.

Taking advantage of the territorial and economic problems and other problems in dispute, which are legacies of old colonialism, and the difference in system, faith and religion, they are driving wedges, sowing discords and inciting hatred and antagonism between non-aligned countries, and pitting them against each other.

This has led to a grave phase where certain non-aligned countries hate and antagonize each other and even end up in armed conflicts.

This is really an unhappy and heart-rending thing.

Stressing that one must not remain an onlooker at such situation, but all should join efforts to settle it without fail, the joint meeting noted:

The abnormal occurrences among the member states of our movement are temporary difficulties created on the way of our advance.

The present situation makes it urgent for the non-aligned countries to form a united front against the forces of imperialism, old and new colonialism and dominationism and answer with the strategy of unity their splitting and alienating manoeuvres and scrambles.

Paying great attention to the question of achieving the unity and cohesion of the Non-aligned Movement, the joint meeting stressed:

It is the basic point in achieving the unity and cohesion to oppose imperialism, firmly adhere to the principles and policies of the Non-aligned Movement and uphold the inherent characteristics of our movement.

It is a vital problem in developing the Non-aligned Movement to promote the unity among the non-aligned countries as best they can today.

Their commonness is bigger than their difference and the strength uniting this movement is greater than that dividing it.

Unity is a source of the invincible strength and a decisive guarantee for the victory of the anti-imperialist common cause.

Noting that the Non-aligned Movement has grown to be such a mighty force, though it has undergone ordeals, ever since it took its first historical step forward in Belgrade 17 years ago, because it has achieved unity and cohesion under the banner of anti-imperialism and independence, the joint meeting stressed:

They will win only when they are united. If they are broken up into pieces, they will be destroyed one by one. This is truth proven by history. One should not argue which nation is progressive and which is not within the Non-aligned Movement nor should one classify its member states into opposing groups, but seek unity on the basis of the traditional non-aligned policy.

Saying that the Non-aligned Movement is a movement demanding independence for its original mission and its member states are all struggling to uphold national independence, achieve economic self-sustenance and defend sovereignty, the joint meeting noted:

This indicates that our movement itself is a progressive force.

No nation now wants to be controlled or to be dependent on others.

This is the common idea of the non-aligned nations and herein lies the basis of their unity and their concerted advance.

The problems in dispute between member states of the Non-aligned Movement also must be settled in accordance with the idea of unity and cohesion.

There will be no problem insolvable when the non-aligned countries truly respect this idea of our movement and show the spirit of trusting each other and cooperating with each other.

The differences and disputes between non-aligned countries should be solved through negotiation by the parties concerned through an organic combination of their national interests and the interests of the Non-aligned Movement as a whole.

As for the border disputes between member states of the Non-aligned Movement, each nation should respect the present border line and desist from going beyond it, and in case one side has crossed the present border line, the dispute should be fairly settled on condition that it returns to its original position.

Touching upon the intrigues of the imperialists to split the Non-aligned Movement, the joint meeting pointed out:

Now the imperialists are gadding about, styling themselves "arbitrators" of disputes. But, in fact, they only make the matters more complicate, render the dispute more acute day by day and delay the solution of the problems endlessly.

The non-aligned countries are brothers who are struggling side by side for common goals and ideas.

The spearhead of our attack must be directed against the imperialists who oppose us, threaten us and commit aggression against us. And in no case it should be directed against non-aligned countries advancing together for common goals.

Stressing that the question of straightening out the situation created within the Non-aligned Movement today and achieving unity and cohesion boils down, in the long run, to the question of whether each country maintains independence or not, the joint meeting noted:

The principle of independence demands complete equality and mutual respect among all nations. It demands that one oppose to be subjugated or to subjugate others.

Only when the non-aligned countries uphold the principle of independence can they defend their rights and dignity as member states of the Non-aligned Movement, remain faithful to the idea of this movement and successfully solve all problems arising in international affairs.

Therefore, one must under no circumstances allow the dignity of the nation and the sovereignty of the country to be encroached upon, but strictly oppose foreign domination and interference of any form.

If the non-aligned countries uphold independence, the imperialist and dominationist forces will find no room to sneak into our movement and the baton of any country will not work.

The master of Africa is the African people, the master of Asia is the Asian people and the master of the Arab region is the Arab people.

Therefore, the problems of countries in these regions must be solved by their peoples themselves.

Pointing out that it is the intrinsic nature and idea of the Non-aligned Movement itself to defend political independence and right of national self-determination and oppose the interference and domination of outside forces, the joint meeting stressed:

If one, contravening this idea, renounce independence and allow interference and domination, this will constantly create a complex situation within the Non-aligned Movement and, furthermore, fling open the door to the imperialist and dominationist forces.

It is, of course, natural for one to render support to the people of a country when it rises against imperialist aggression; this is an internationalist duty of the non-aligned countries.

But, no country should interfere in other's internal affairs or intervene in other's civil war.

The joint meeting further noted:

The political independence of a country can be really solid and true only when it is consolidated in reliance upon the strength of its people, the master.

If each member state of the Non-aligned Movement firmly adheres to independence in its home and foreign policy, the present difficulties created in our movement will be surmounted and unity and cohesion be achieved and this movement will display a greater force.

Declaring that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, a dignified member state of the Non-aligned Movement, has always firmly united and closely cooperated with other non-aligned countries in the common cause of peace and democracy, national independence and social progress and made active efforts for the strengthening and development of this movement, holding high the banner of unity, the banner of anti-imperialism and independence, the joint meeting affirmed that in the future, too, it will contribute to the noble cause of the Non-aligned Movement against imperialism and other dominationist forces and for defending independence by discharging the lofty duty it assumed to the Non-aligned Movement.

Then the joint meeting noted that imperialism and colonialism which spelled so much misfortunes and sufferings to mankind have not yet given up their aggressive desire, but are committing aggression and interference, suppression and plunder in new forms, and stressed that the important task facing us today is to end the imperialist colonial rule remaining on the globe.

Pointing out that an arms race of vast scale is now under way in the world against the purpose and desire of the peoples for peace and security, the joint meeting stressed that it stands out with urgency to take practical measures for preserving and consolidating peace and easing international tension.

Clarifying the consistent stand of our Party and the Government of our Republic calling for an end to the arms race of the imperialists and general disarmament, a total ban on the nuclear weapons and their destruction, the complete withdrawal of all foreign troops and foreign military bases in others' territories, the joint meeting stressed that the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people will as always resolutely oppose the moves of the imperialists who are hastening arms race and aggravating tension, only talking empty words and deceiving the popular masses behind the curtain of "peace" and "disarmament" and merge their efforts into the struggle for the implementation of the resolution of the Non-aligned Conference on Disarmament.

And the joint meeting laid stress on the establishment of a new international economic order, one of the most serious questions facing the non-aligned and developing countries at present.

For the establishment of a just and equitable new economic order, it is required to unite strength in opposing imperialism, the defender of the old order, and strengthen economic and technical cooperation among the developing countries and achieve economic independence.

The old international economic order is an offspring of colonialism and a lever of imperialist domination and control, exploitation and pillage.

By using this lever, the imperialists try to continue taking away the wealth of the developing countries.

Experience shows that a new economic order cannot be established apart from the struggle against imperialism.

The non-aligned countries should bring a collective pressure to bear upon the imperialists by further strengthening their unity and solidarity.

For the establishment of a new economic order, it is important for the non-aligned and developing countries to exchange experience and technique and cooperate with each other in the field of economy, while struggling against imperialism, the joint meeting said. It noted:

If 100 or more developing countries exchange with each other one kind of good experience and technique they will possess 100 kinds of experience and technique.

If the non-aligned countries help and teach each other and strengthen versatile economic and technical cooperation on the principle of filling each other's needs, they can do a big job and achieve economic independence without relying on big powers.

When the non-aligned countries build an independent national economy under the banner of self-reliance, they will be able to build up the nation's economic life by their own efforts, repulsing the interference in their internal affairs and economic aggression and pressure of outside forces and further develop cooperation among nations on the principle of complete equality and reciprocity and furthermore, accelerate the establishment of a new international economic order.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea will as ever unite strength with other non-aligned countries and struggle actively for the establishment of a new economic order against the imperialists' exploitation and plunder.

In conclusion, the joint meeting expressed the firm belief that all the attempts of the imperialists and all other dominationist forces to disrupt and undermine the Non-aligned Movement will be foiled by the united struggle of the non-aligned countries and the movement will steadily grow in strength and develop on its track.

The joint meeting of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Central People's Committee of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea endorsed the stand of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of our Republic toward the questions to be discussed at the Conference of Foreign Ministers of Non-aligned Countries and the action line of the delegation of our country to be sent to the conference.

# Let's Further Intensify Movement Supporting Korea's Reunification

## Meeting of Japan Preparation Committee for Second World Conference for Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea Held

A meeting of the Japan preparation committee for the Second World Conference for the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea was held in Tokyo on June 29.

The meeting was attended by Ichikawa Makoto, Executive Member of the International Liaison Committee for the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea; Makieda Motofumi, Chairman of the General Council of Trade Unions of Japan (Sohyo); Takaya Shinnen, General Secretary of the Central Executive Committee of the Japan Socialist Party; Kaneko Mitsuhiro, Deputy Director of the Secretariat of the Central Committee of the Japan Communist Party; Yamaguchi Junnosuke, Deputy Director of the Secretariat of the Federation of Neutral Trade Union of Japan; dietmen from the Japan Socialist Party, representatives of trade unions and democratic organizations and representatives of scholars, intellectuals, professors and religious men, more than 80 in all.

Also present were Jean Dory, Secretary General of the International Liaison Committee for the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea; and Yun Sang Chol, Vice-Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon (General Association of Korean Residents in Japan.)

Innami Hiroshi, Deputy Director of the Japan-Korea Association, made an opening address.

He bitterly denounced the US imperialists for getting frenzied in their manoeuvres to unleash a new war in Korea and the Japanese government for obstructing Korean reunification in league with the south Korean puppet clique. He called for arousing broader world opinion for a success of the Second World Conference for the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea.

The meeting was addressed by Makieda Motofumi, Chairman of Sohyo, on behalf of the Japan preparation committee.

He expressed his determination to make all his efforts for a success of the Second World Conference for the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea.

The reunification of Korea poses as an important problem whose solution brooks no further delay in preserving a durable peace in Asia, he said.

To hold the Second World Conference in Tokyo, he added, is of very great significance also in forcing the Japanese government to change its wrong Korean policy.

Jean Dory spoke next.

Noting that the Korean problem is raised as a problem requiring an urgent solution in the world situation, he denounced the US government's Korean policy. He stressed: When we all unite in one body and wage a struggle for the successful holding of the Second World Conference for the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea, we will make an active contribution to the accomplishment of the cause of the independent and peaceful reunification of the country, the urgent desire of the Korean people.

At the meeting Ichikawa Makoto submitted a report about the preparatory work for the Second World Conference for the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea and its general plan and future action line, which the attendants of the meeting unanimously approved.

Then views were expressed at the meeting by Takaya Shinnen, General Secretary of the Central Executive Committee of the JSP, and Kaneko Mitsuhiro, Deputy Director of the Secretariat of the CC of the JCP.

They stressed that the World Conference should be made a success for the acceleration of the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea, for peace in Asia and the world and for Japan's security.

The meeting unanimously elected representative members of the Japan preparation committee—Asukata Ichio (Chairman of the Central Executive Committee of the JSP), Miyamoto Kenji (Chairman of the Presidium of the CC of the JCP), Makieda Motofumi (Chairman of Sohyo), Ichikawa Makoto (Executive Member of the International Liaison Committee for the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea), Iwai Akira (Representative Member of the Japan Committee for Supporting Korea's Independent and Peaceful Reunification) and four others. It also elected director of the secretariat.

The meeting adopted an appeal.

## APPEAL

Today the Korean question is an important focal point of international politics. And this question is inseparably linked with the problem of defence of Japan's peace, security and democracy.

Conscious of this, we made a proposal to hold the Second World Conference in Tokyo in November this year on the basis of the successes made at the World Conference for the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea held in Brussels in February last year and opened today a meeting of the Japan preparation committee for its success.

Korea has not been reunified, though more than 30 years have passed since World War II. The root cause of this lies, above all, in the occupation of south Korea by the US troops armed with nuclear weapons and the violation of the principle of national self-determination by the United States supporting the Pak regime addicted to fascist dictatorship.

To perpetuate the division of Korea and keep south Korea indefinitely under its rule, persistently opposing the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea, US imperialism is now scheming to reorganize and strengthen the system of war and aggression in Asia with Japan as the biggest stronghold, which is directed against the Korean peninsula. Under the guise of "compensatory measures" to offset the US ground force's withdrawal from south Korea, it is increasing its military "aid" to south Korea and making the US troops in Japan more fully ready for sally to the Korean peninsula and for Japan-US joint operation, thereby propelling at a fast pace the US-Japan-south Korea military integration based on the "Japan-US Security Pact" and the "South Korea-US Mutual Defence Treaty". This poses a grave menace to peace and security in Japan and Asia.

In south Korea the Pak regime resorts to harsh suppression and fascist politics with the support of the United States.

What is more serious for the Japanese people is that dark Japan-south Korea fusion has grown out of the fascist dictatorship in south Korea to be one of the major factors of corruption of Japanese political circles and their turn to reaction.

These days the "Unification Church" and the "Federation for Victory over Communism" founded by the "South Korean Central Intelligence Agency" are crying for the retrogressive revision of Japan's Constitution and her nuclear armament, interfering in her internal affairs.

Yet the present liberal democratic government is zealously cooperating in the US Asian strategy; it is going to increase the dangerous share of burden of Japan pivoting on the problem of the Japan-US military alliance, involving the reinforcement of the "Self-Defence Forces" and the share of expenses for the upkeep of the US troops in Japan.

Declaring that the Kim Dae Jung case had been "politically settled", the government chose to strengthen the Japan-south Korea fusion, increasing economic "aid" to the Pak regime and railroading through the Diet the "special measure bill of the Japan-south Korea continental shelf agreement".

We resolutely denounce such stand of the government which is endangering Japan's peace, security, sovereignty and democracy and, at the same time, laying an obstacle in the way of Korean reunification.

The appeal stressed:

To force the US troops to withdraw from south Korea, facilitate the Korean people's cause of the independent and peaceful reunification of the country, denounce the violation of human rights by the Pak regime and promote the movement of the south Korean people for democracy is closely linked with the movement for defence and development of Japan's peace and democracy, a probe into corrupt politics and a fundamental switchover in the Japanese government's Korean policy.

We have so far supported the struggle of the Korean people for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and in this connection made efforts to defend and develop peace and democracy in Japan. We are convinced that a success of the Second World Conference for the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea scheduled in Tokyo will help toward the progress of this movement.

## Korea-Cameroon Ratification Instruments of Treaty of Friendship and Cooperation Exchanged

A ceremony for exchanging the ratification instruments of the treaty of friendship and cooperation between the governments of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the United Republic of Cameroon was held in Yaounde on June 27, according to a report.

The instruments were signed by Li Ik Hong, Korean ambassador to Cameroon, authorized by the Government of the DPRK, and by Cameroonian Foreign Minister Jean Keu Tcha, authorized by the Government of Cameroon.

# Comrade KIM IL SUNG: A Great Leader, Great Thinker and Great Theoretician of the "Modern-Era"

**Govind Narain Srivastava**
Secretary General
India-Korea Youth Friendship Association

The world's people mark significantly the 66th birthday of the great leader President Kim Il Sung as the auspicious day. On his birthday, April 15, people heartily wish him a long life in good health, looking back over his glorious 66 years with reverent respect.

His 66-year history of revolutionary struggle is a glorious and brilliant history of devoted struggle for the revolutionary cause of the working class and the freedom and happiness of the people; it is an immortal histoty in the course of which he, leading the most arduous Korean revolution from victory to victory, has energetically conducted ideological and theoretical activities and made an outstanding contribution to the treasure-store of Marxism-Leninism.

### Creation of "Juche Idea"

The creation of the immortal Juche idea holds a special place in the great ideological and theoretical exploits performed by President Kim Il Sung. The great Juche idea is an outstanding thought and theory which came into being in reflection of the requirement of our age and the Korean revolution.

The revolutionary struggles in our times vary in their stage of development and they have different tasks to accomplish.

Accordingly, the problems raised by the revolutionary struggle and constructive work in the present time cannot be settled only by the existing propositions and formulae.

As for the Korean revolution, it is a most arduous revolution against the most ferocious and barbarous US and Japanese imperialism; it is a complex revolution for the liberation of the whole nation and for socialist communist construction.

The Korean revolution is the world's first revolution which explored the path to socialism in a former colony; it is a revolution to carve out the road to socialist communist construction in its own way.

As mentioned above, the Korean revolution is a great revolution containing all the fundamental questions raised by times.

Our age and the Korean revolution urgently needed a new idea and theory to meet their new demands.

President Kim Il Sung, the great thinker and theorist, in full reflection of the demands of the times, created the immortal Juche idea.

### President Kim Il Sung's "Juche Idea"

President Kim Il Sung said: **"In a nutshell, the idea of Juche means that the masters of the revolution and the work of construction are the masses of the people and that they are also the motive force of the revolution and the work of construction. In other words, one is responsible for one's own destiny and one has also the capacity for hewing out one's own destiny."**

The great Juche idea is a profound revolutionary thought whose philosophical basis is that people are the masters of everything and decide all things.

The essential requirement of the Juche idea is to maintain the attitude of a master towards the revolution and construction of one's own country and settle all problems arising in the revolutionary struggle and constructive work independently and creatively—by one's thinking, mainly by one's own efforts and in accordance wtih the actual conditions of one's own country.

The Juche idea is a guiding idea clarifying the fundamental stand and principled attitude that the Communists and revolutionaries must take in the revolution and construction; it is a great idea which fully accords with the fundamental principles of Marxism-Leninism.

The revolution in each country breaks out and develops by its internal factors.

The masters of the revolution in each country are its working class and people and no one else can make the revolution and construction in the stead of the masters. Revolution can be neither imported nor exported. This proves that the independent stand, an essential requirement of Juche, conforms to the fundamental principles of Marxism-Leninism.

The Juche idea is a revolutionary idea which fully accords with the spirit of proletarian internationalism; it asks people to have the attitude of a master towards the revolution and construction in their country. The revolution in each country is a link in the whole chain of the world revolution and its component part.

The international cause of the working class is promoted by victories in the revolutionary struggle and constructive work of individual countries. This is an objective law. To remain faithful to the national duty for the revolution with the attitude of a master responsible for the revolution of one's own country is to be true to the international duty of the working class.

Indeed, the immortal Juche idea created by the great leader President Kim Il Sung is the great Marxism-Leninism of our times and an objective truth of revolution.

The Juche idea constitutes the cornerstone and core of the great revolutionary ideology of President Kim Il Sung.

The great leader President Kim Il Sung, basing himself on his immortal Juche idea, has advanced numerous new ideas and theories, and thus erected a complete theoretical system of Juche and ushered in a new historical era in the development of Marxism-Leninism.

(Gist)

# S. Korean Personages of Broad Circles Issue Statement and Announce Formation of "National Union for Democracy"

Anti-"government" figures of broad circles in south Korea on July 5 published a statement denouncing the one-man fascist dictatorship and the puppet presidential election of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and announced the formation of the "National Union for Democracy", a nationwide embattled organization for achieving the democratization of society, according to a KNS report from Tokyo quoting reports of Japanese papers July 6.

**This statement titled "On the Occasion of the Inauguration of the National Union for Democracy" declares that the new organization will be the mother body of the nationwide anti-dictatorship struggle in south Korea.**

The statement was published in the name of "signers" and it was not made clear who were the signers and how many they were. But, according to Japanese reporters, the signers number several hundreds, who include ex-"President" Yun Bo Son, former professor of the Hanguk Theological Seminary Mun Ik Hwan, and others involved in the "Declaration for Democracy and National Salvation", wife of Kim Dae Jung, mother of poet Kim Ji Ha and other families of political prisoners and expelled journalists and professors.

They had planned to hold a mass meeting on July 5 and publish this statement. But the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique caught wind of it and let loose agents of the puppet Central Intelligence Agency (KCIA) to surround their houses, not allowing them to go outdoors.

So the meeting ended abortive and the crowd and journalists who gathered at a meeting place were dispersed by force.

**Follows the excerpts of the statement quoted by the Kyodo News Service of Japan:**

— A "presidential election" is to be held on the 6th of July, which is a criminal act for the absolutization and perpetuation of the one-man power.

There we will see the consequences of the steps taken to incite the scramble for the seats of delegates to the "National Conference for Unification" with a promise for unlawful privileges and make people sleep and deprave them with the massive mobilization of power and money after codifying the enhancement of efficiency and the organization of national power (in 1972) and abolishing the system of direct election of the President at the point of the bayonet.

— We proclaim here the inauguration of the "National Union for Democracy", representing the resentment and passion the people feel, desiring democracy, when a big burlesque is going to be staged.

We will fight in unity to restore the lost sovereignty and defend the rights of the people for ourselves.

— The organization will be steadily expanded in the future.

The door is open to all the people and we may invite public servants and officials, too.

— It is only people who truly want the realization of democracy and national reunification, our desire. To this end we have assembled.

We heartily support the human rights declaration of workers and peasants, the patriotic declaration of students, the declaration on education of the professors of Chonnam University and the declaration of conscience of political prisoners which have been published so far.

# Pungently Denounce Bestial Outrages of Pak Jung Hi Homicidal Caboodle!

## Fishermen Who Had Been Kidnapped by South Korean Puppets Interviewed by Reporters

THE fishermen of the angle fishing net boat No. 512 of the Nampo Fishery Station who returned to the embrace of our Republic from south Korea to which they had been spirited away by the puppets, their boat sunk on June 27 in the West Sea, met home and foreign reporters at the People's Palace of Culture on July 6.

At the press conference chief engineer Hong Man Son said that they could break away from the clutches of the enemy and come back to the socialist fatherland, entirely because there was the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and the entire people made a persistent endeavour to rescue them.

He extended the highest honour and deepest thanks to the great leader.

Speaking of what happened on June 27, radio operator Li Gye Hwan said that his fishing boat lost its navigational course and strayed from other fishing boats due to a thick fog which made nothing visible even a metre ahead while catching fish in the fishing ground off Monggumpo.

According to his statement, this was reported to the fishing fleet and the boat received a wireless instruction from the commanding ship to sail northward.

At that time the fishing boat was on the sea at coordinates 38° 02' N, 124° 29' E, southwestwardly off Changsan-got. When the boat tried to steer its course to the north, three enemy warships suddenly appeared from southwestward and blocked its route.

Fisherman Kim Dae Su said that the enemy approached and opened fire at the fishing boat to capture it.

Our fishermen fought a courageous battle, throwing wooden boxes, boards and life-saving tools on the deck into the sea to prevent the enemy warships from approaching.

The skipper encouraged the fishermen to fight to the last drop of their blood and die a heroic death by diving into the sea, not to be taken captive.

He bound around his neck and shoulders two 20 kg. lead weights and a 15 kg. one which were hanging in the fishing nets.

He firmly joined hands with the fishermen and began singing "Song of General Kim Il Sung." Singing the song in chorus, the fishermen resolved to throw themselves into the sea with the lead weights around their necks as the skipper did. At that time an enemy ship hit the waist of the fishing boat, firing guns at it. The boat started sinking with a deafening roar of explosion.

The skipper who was bravely fighting, encouraging the fishermen, plunged himself into the sea, shouting at the top of his voice "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!"

Kim Dae Su said that they also followed the skipper into the sea with the firm determination to sacrifice their youth and lives without hesitation for the great leader.

At the press conference, the fishermen spoke how terribly they were tortured by the south Korean puppets and how valiantly they fought after they were kidnapped to south Korea.

The fishermen indignantly said that they were brutally tortured by the south Korean puppets when they unanimously rejected all the attempts to make them stay in south Korea.

Li Gye Hwan said:

They urged me to remain in south Korea. When I refused, they burned the back of my hand with lighted cigarettes and kicked me with boots on till I fell unconscious.

The puppets used monstrous methods of torture to find out who is radio operator. But they failed.

Kim Dae Su said that an agent who interrogated him tried to force him from the beginning to stay in south Korea.

He continued:

I said I would live in south Korea if there were no Yankees, Japs and traitors.

The agent dragged me to a torture room and stripped me naked and suspended me from the ceiling with head down, pricked my whole body with a bamboo needle and savagely beat me with a leather whip. There are still the marks of the whip on my body.

Fisherman Chon San Chon said:

They beat me for two days, but I refused their demand. Changing the method, they took me to a bar and tried to win me by *kisaeng* girls.

Telling how desperately the south Korean puppets tried to detain the assistant skipper and others in south Korea, he went on:

Their bestial outrages were prompted by an ulterior motive to detain us and beautify the corrupt and ailing social system of south Korea where people cannot live.

The fishermen cited concrete instances, exposing how the puppets committed barbarous outrages against the assistant skipper to detain him.

Chief engineer Hong Man Son said:

When I met the assistant skipper whose face was swollen, beaten by the enemy, in the corridor of the concentration camp, he said, "They are trying to detain us. But they won't be able to."

There is no reason why the assistant skipper should remain in south Korea.

When we were about to be sent back, we shouted: "We cannot go, leaving the assistant skipper behind us. Bring him here. We want to hear from him." But they refused and shut the door of the bus and drove it.

Chon San Chon said:

We protested, shouting "There is no reason for the assistant skipper to remain in south Korea." Flurried, they called in even MPs and beat us with clubs.

He said that in the concentration camp he saw the assistant skipper, covered with blood all over his body, being carried on a stretcher from the torture room.

The fishermen stressed that the Pak Jung Hi clique of traitors should not detain the assistant skipper in south Korea in pursuance of their despicable political aim but send him back to the Republic where his family is waiting for him.

Chief engineer Hong Man Son said that the assistant skipper must be taken again in the arms of our Republic, sent back to his home where his parents, wife and children are waiting, to the port where there are his comrades.

He stressed:

It is due to the division of the country that today we fishermen and people are undergoing such misfortunes. But for the division of the country, there would not have been such tragedy.

Let us finish off in the name of the people the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who try to keep the country divided and impose as ever such national calamities upon our people.

He evinced his firm resolve to wage the "100-day battle" for meeting the 30th anniversary of the founding of our Republic in the spirit of avenging the skipper and rescuing the detained assistant skipper and justify with loyalty the favour of the respected and beloved leader by attaining the target of fish catch with flying colours.

The fishermen present at the press conference vehemently condemned the enemy for depriving them of their skipper and assistant skipper, shouting "We resolutely denounce the Pak Jung Hi clique of murderers!"

DPRK—30 YEARS

# JUCHE-BASED INDUSTRY SOLIDLY BUILT

**The road of victory and glory traversed by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea over the past 30 years is adorned with proud miracles and innovations.**

**One of the great miracles and innovations is the building from scratch of a powerful independent and modern Juche-based industry which is not affected by any world economic upheavals.**

## Foundations of Independent Economy

### The Equivalent of One-Year Output Produced in Five Days

Our Juche-based industry has recorded proud successes.

Industrial output increased 285 per cent during the Three-Year Plan after the Korean war and 350 per cent in the Five-Year Plan period, during which the foundation of industrialization was laid.

Industrial output grew by an annual average of 12.8 per cent during the Seven-Year Plan, a period of overall technical reconstruction, and 16.3 per cent in the period of the Six-Year Plan during which the successes gained in industrialization were consolidated and the technical revolution brought to a new, higher stage.

Last year our industry turned out more manufactured goods than those produced in the first five years of the Seven-Year Plan and produced in only five days as much manufactured goods as put out in the whole year of 1944 just before liberation.

These figures testify to the development of our Juche-based industry over the past 30 years under the banner of the Republic.

### Completion of Industrialization

Under the wise guidance of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung our country has built in a short historical period an independent modern industry which is developed in a many-sided way, has its own firm raw material bases and is equipped with new techniques.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

**"We have turned a backward colonial industry which, to make matters worse, was severely damaged in the war, into an independent, modern industry in a short period of time, thereby laying the material and technological foundation for equipping all branches of our national economy with the latest technology and for improving the life of our people in the years to come."**

The great leader saw to it that the key industries were nationalized after liberation and, on this basis, the industry destroyed by the Japanese imperialists was rehabilitated in a short period, the colonial one-sidedness and technical backwardness of industrial production were eliminated and the industry was developed independently by relying on the natural resources of the country.

After the war he set out the original basic line for economic construction—giving priority to heavy industry alongside the development of light industry and agriculture—and intelligently led our people to make great strides.

He led our people to lay the foundation of socialist industrialization and firmly build up the independent foundation of national industry during the Five-Year Plan period and to build an independent and modern industry which is developed in a many-sided way, has its own stable bases of raw materials and is fully equipped with new techniques and realize the overall technical reconstruction of the national economy during the Seven-Year Plan.

As a result, industrialization—which took other countries a full century or even a few centuries—was accomplished only in 14 years in our country.

### From Raw Materials to Processing

Now our industry has diversified production structure.

The powerful machine-building industry, the basis for the development of all domains of the national economy and technological progress, has been established. Our heavy industry came to have all key branches—metal, chemical, building-materials, power, mining industries, etc.—and its inner structure is also perfect.

Comprehensive mechanization, automation and telemechanics were pressed ahead rapidly, with the result that our industry is now equipped with modern technology.

With the successful fulfilment of socialist industrialization, the foundation of the independent national economy, the material basis for the political independence of the country, has been further consolidated and its might has grown markedly.

Today it massproduces large-size machines, such as 5,000-metre drills, 300-hp bulldozers, 10-cubic-metre excavators, 50,000 kva generators, 200,000 kva transformers, 20-metre lathes and complete sets of equipment for outfitting modern factories and enterprises.

During the Six-Year Plan the steel industry raised its production capacity to 4,000,000 tons, the chemical industry attained the annual production target of 3,000,000 tons of fertilizers and the cement industry upped its annual production capacity to over 8,000,000 tons and the textile industry to over 600 million metres. Today all our industrial branches are developing in a many-sided and comprehensive way, strengthening their inner structure and inter-relations.

Our own resources reliably guarantee the advance of our powerful industry. Our industry is developing with our own raw materials, meeting over 70 per cent of its demand.

Raw material, fuel and power bases built in all parts of the country are actively exploiting our domestic resources. 28,000 million kwh of electricity and 50 million tons of coal were produced annually in the Six-Year Plan period.

In our country a powerful heavy industry with machine-building industry as its core and a modern light industry form a comprehensive industrial system under which all branches of industrial production from the production of raw materials to that of finished goods are organically linked.

### New Vistas

Brighter is the prospect of our industry making vigorous advance along the road of Juche-orientation, modernization and scientification.

During the Second Seven-Year Plan period the total industrial output value will grow 2.2 times. In this period industrial output will develop at the high annual average of 12.1 per cent.

At the end of the new long-term plan we will annually produce 56,000-60,000 million kwh of electricity, 70-80 million tons of coal, 7.4-8 million tons of steel, one million tons of nonferrous metals, 5 million tons of engineering products, 5 million tons of chemical fertilizers and 12-13 million tons of cement.

When this plan is fulfilled, our industry will become a more powerful Juche-based industry which will satisfactorily settle all problems for the development and prosperity of the country and the well-being of the people on its own and it will become a more developed industry modernized to a high level and based on up-to-date science.

**Li In Chol**

The hot rolling shop of the Kim Chaek Iron Works, one of Korea's biggest metallurgical centres

## Consumer Goods Home-Produced

**The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:**

**"We are now producing on our own all consumer goods needed in our people's daily life. Our people wear home-produced clothes and footwear and use daily necessities we have made ourselves. This is a great achievement we have scored in the course of building a new society."**

### 20 Factories in a County

In accordance with the original policy of light industry advanced by the great leader, large-scale centrally-run light industry factories were built with investment of vast state funds and local industry factories were set up with local reserves in our country.

A solid foundation of light industry has been laid and the whole country is covered with a ramified network of light industry factories.

Workers of the 4th spinning shop of the Sinuiju Textile Mill make innovations in yarn production every day to supply the people with more dress material

In the pre-liberation years the development of light industry was greatly retarded and even the traditional handicraft industry was totally deteriorated due to the colonial predatory policy of Japanese imperialism. Now large-scale centrally-controlled light industry bases are established in different parts and there are above 20 local industry factories in every city and county.

The Pyongyang Textile Combine which produces high-grade suit materials, printed cloth and various kinds of silk fabrics is one of the centrally-run light industry factories. This textile combine turns out as much fabrics in a few days as were manufactured by Japanese imperialism a year in north Korea before liberation.

Over 20 local industry factories are operated in the Yangdok county once known as a remote mountain region, and more than 500 kinds of consumer goods such as foodstuffs, fabrics and furniture are produced in the Changsong county, a more secluded place. These counties have brought about such a great change as meeting their own demand for foodstuffs, gunny sacks, textiles, etc. and sending them to other places.

Our light industry has been equipped with modern technique with the powerful support of heavy industry and developed into the one with all branches of production including those for textiles, foodstuffs and daily necessities.

Whereas the per capita output of fabrics was only 14 cm. before liberation, it surpassed 30 metres in 1970. At present the textile production capacity is more than 600 million metres.

Imitation-leather shoe and leather shoe factories and other shoe factories are set up in different quarters, large-scale constarch factories and riced corn meal mills in the provinces and various food-processing factories such as fruit, vegetable, meat and fish processing factories in all cities and counties.

Tens of thousands of kinds of articles for daily use including watches, refrigerators and TV sets are also domestically produced.

### Solid Base

Our light industry is dependent on the solid base of domestic raw materials. Based on the diversified development of agriculture and effective use of mountain and sea resources, it has rich natural raw material resources.

In particular, the bases for production of raw materials for light industry by industrial method have been firmly built up. Thus, chemical fibre and synthetic resin production bases have been established through the utilization of limestone, reed and other raw materials abundantly found at home. This is one of the brilliant successes gained by our people in the building of raw material bases by industrial method.

### Systematic Increase

The output of light industry is on the systematic increase thanks to the correct policy of our Party which regards the constant improvement of the people's livelihood as the supreme principle governing its activities. During the period from 1970 to August 1975 the production of fabrics grew 1.8 times, underwear 1.5 times, sweater and jacket 5.6 times and shoes 2.2 times and the output value of foodstuffs rose 2.4-fold and that of daily necessities doubled.

The variety of consumer goods has increased beyond compare and their quality remarkably improved.

Our country—which could not even make simple things such as pencils, pens and combs before liberation—is in a position to manufacture all kinds of daily necessities on its own. So all shops in towns and villages are stacked with home-made goods.

In 1984, the closing year of the Second Seven-Year Plan, the production of consumer goods will show a rapid growth—800 million metres of fabrics, over 300,000 tons of sugar, 100 million pairs of shoes, etc. Our light industry will thus more fully meet the people's demand.

**Kim Su Yon**

## JUCHE-TYPE MAN

### Labour Hero Li Man Gol

**The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:**

**"Love for labour is one of the most important qualities of the working people living in socialist society."**

In our country labour is regarded as the most honourable and as a sacred duty of the citizens. Therefore, the position of the people is defined not by their money and property but by their sincerity in labour. Anyone who is faithful and exemplary in work is loved and respected by the people.

Comrade Li Man Gol, chief of the operators of an open hearth of the Hwanghae Iron and Steel Complex, can be taken as an illustration.

He started his working life at the Hwanghae Iron Works in January 1954. He had been subjected to all sorts of humiliation and contempt before liberation, because he was the son of a tenant peasant. But the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung enabled him to have access to education and brought him up as a full-fledged worker. So he gave himself body and soul to his work to justify his great favour.

**24 Years With Open Hearth**

He set an unusually fine example at a time when a heroic labour campaign was launched to build an open hearth twice as big as the one destroyed by the brutal bombing of US imperialists during the Fatherland Liberation War in the spot where it had been and to turn out the first molten iron to make a report to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung as a token of loyalty.

When young, he became the chief of the operators of an open hearth. Even after he was appointed the chief, he always volunteered to do a big share at every stage of struggle to realize the socialist industrialization of the country and carried out his assignment with credit.

He reconditioned the open hearth many a time by introducing bold methods which no one had ever tried, thereby increasing its production capacity from 100 to 200 tons. And when the production of a 6,000-ton press was under way for the first time in our country, he himself undertook the casting of the bulky pillar of the press.

Out of a sheer desire to send more steel to socialist construction sites, sometimes he made self-sacrificing efforts at the risk of his life and sometimes he worked devotedly and conscientiously, devising bold methods no one had ever thought of. Thus he worked for 24 years, sharing the fate of the open hearth. It is too numerous to mention here what he has done so far.

The open hearth in his charge was the first to fulfil its assignment ahead of schedule at all times and aroused the metallurgical workers all over the country to innovation.

Even after he returns home, he examines his open hearth in operation, gazing at the smoke coiling up from its chimney with a smile of satisfaction over his face. And when something appears to be wrong with it, he rushes up to the spot without delay.

Today, too, he is successfully fulfilling the steel production quota assigned to him in realizing the magnificent programme of the new prospective plan unrolled by the great leader.

That is why the country pays respects to Comrade Man Gol who is working so conscientiously and accords him a high honour.

He attended the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea and other congresses and meetings honoured with the presence of the great leader. He was invested with the title of Labour Hero, the highest honour of the citizens of the Republic, and is working as a deputy to the Supreme People's Assembly, the highest organ of power of our Republic.

Twenty-four years ago he was a nameless youth. But today he enjoys nation-wide fame and is respected and loved by the people.

In our country there are many people who, like Comrade Man Gol, work with sincerity and command social respect.

**Yun Jong Ok**

## Sports CULTURE Sports CULTURE

**Korean Documentary**

### "US Imperialist Occupation Of South Korea Is the Root Cause of National Division"

**Recently the Korean Documentary Film Studio put out documentary "US Imperialist Occupation of South Korea Is the Root Cause of National Division."**

Through the historical facts and materials the film shows that precisely due to the occupation of south Korea by the US imperialist aggressor troops, our people who lived as a homogeneous nation with a long history of thousands of years and a resplendent national culture have been suffering from national division for more than 30 years.

The thriving northern half of Korea where people are enjoying a happy life is in striking contrast to south Korea. The film shows various aspects of south Korean society—devastated industry, famine-stricken rural villages, the greatest hardships of living, children and women being sold off to foreign countries as slaves, etc. It thus vividly shows how great sufferings, calamities and national tragedy the south Korean people are now undergoing owing to the occupation of south Korea by the aggressor troops of US imperialism and its aggressive policy.

Through the unanimous voices of the world's people supporting Korea's peaceful reunification, the film convincingly proves the justness and the vitality of our Party's policy that calls for reunifying the divided country and lays bare in all nakedness the manoeuvrings of the US imperialists who are obsessed with arms reinforcement of the south Korean puppet troops behind the smokescreen of "troop pull-out". By producing the indubitable data, the film discloses the crimes of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who have turned south Korea into an area where human rights are mercilessly trampled down.

The film inspires the people with the conviction that Korea's reunification will surely be realized before long by the vigorous efforts of our people for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and of the world's people desirous of peace in Korea and her peaceful reunification.

A railway bridge severed as the result of the territorial split into the north and the south

A cursed marker on the Military Demarcation Line

A scene of the friendship game between the home team (Amnokgang) and the Chinese Public Security team

### Friendship Games

A soccer match took place between the Pyongyang and Cuban national youth teams on July 2 at the Moranbong Stadium. The home team won the game—3:0.

Recently, Pyongyang was host to various games—the wrestling game between the Pyongyang team and the team of the Azerbaijan Soviet Socialist Republic; the men and women's table-tennis games between the Yugoslav and home teams; the women's volleyball game between the Korean Chobyong and Polish Swidnica Polonia teams; the men and women's basketball games between the Korean Amnokgang and Chinese Public Security teams; the judo games between the Pyongyang and Romanian teams and the Korean and Romanian national teams.

July 2 witnessed the men and women's basketball match between the Pyongyang and Chinese Public Security teams. The women's volleyball game took place on July 4 between the Korean February 8 and Chinese teams.

**Labour Hero Li Man Gol, chief of the open hearth operators, is seen on the left of this picture. His face beams with joy as he proudly reports on the overfulfilment of the daily target**

# US Troop Withdrawal Is Prerequisite to Korea's Reunification

To prevent Korea's permanent division and realize her reunification is not only the greatest desire of our people but also the general desire of all the fair-minded people of the world who love justice and truth and value peace and national independence. It is also an urgent demand of our era.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

**"The first requisite for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea is that the United States withdraws all its troops and nuclear weapons from south Korea at the earliest possible date."**

US troop pullout from south Korea is a precondition for the reunification of Korea. Why?

It is because the military occupation of south Korea by the US imperialists is the root cause of national division and the basic obstacle to reunification.

Our people are a sagacious people. They have lived in the same land for 5,000 years. They have one spoken and written language and their culture and customs are the same.

Owing to US imperialist occupation of south Korea, however, Korea was divided into two parts.

Divide-and-rule tactics is a hackneyed method of the imperialists.

The US imperialists occupied south Korea in 1945 on the pretext of disarming the defeated Japanese troops. They reduced south Korea to their colony and military base and, abusing the name of the UN, rigged up a puppet regime and broke off all relations between the north and the south. Thus came the division of Korea.

The entire Korean people in the north and the south launched a nationwide struggle against national division imposed upon by outside forces and for national reunification.

The US imperialists met with an ignominious defeat in the aggressive war they had started to occupy the whole of Korea. This notwithstanding, they continued their occupation of south Korea after the war, too, and went so far as to put forward a "two Koreas" policy. And they are now stepping up their machination in real earnest to carry it into effect.

The south Korean puppets are now on the rampage to perpetuate the division, flagrantly violating the July 4 North-South Joint Statement and croaking about the "simultaneous UN admission" of the north and the south and "cross recognition". This is also a drama being acted on a script of their master—US imperialism.

That is why the withdrawal of the US troops from south Korea is a prime requisite for opening up a decisive phase in eliminating the root cause of the division and realizing Korea's reunification.

US troop pullout from south Korea proceeds from the essential demand of our national reunification problem itself.

Korea's reunification is not an international dispute but an internal problem of one nation to terminate its temporary partition forced by outside forces and to reunify the north and the south. Accordingly, this problem should be solved independently by the Korean people themselves without any outside interference.

The Korean question is essentially a question of taking back the territory and population seized by the foreign imperialists and ensuring national sovereignty on a national scale.

Korea should have become an independent sovereign state after her liberation from Japanese imperialist colonial rule.

National sovereignty, however, was ensured only in the northern half of the Republic due to occupation of south Korea by the US imperialists. And south Korea, half of our territory, and the south Korean people of the same stock are still under the colonial yoke of the US imperialists.

To establish national sovereignty on a national scale, therefore, an end must be put to the colonial rule of the US imperialists in south Korea and US troops be ousted from south Korea.

Withdrawal of US troops from south Korea is a basic condition to remove the source of war and guarantee a durable peace in Korea and attain her peaceful reunification.

The US imperialists are the ringleader of aggression and war. Their occupation of south Korea itself is the constant source of war.

It is only for aggression and war that US troops stay on in south Korea which is thousands of miles away from their mainland.

In an attempt to conquer the whole of Korea the US imperialists occupying south Korea had already unleashed a war and today, too, they are viciously scheming to realize their aggressive ambition at any cost.

To be mentioned here in particular is the fact that these days they are pushing forward preparations to trigger off another aggressive war in Korea on a fuller scale than ever before under the guise of deceptive "troop pullout".

South Korea has thus become an arsenal full of nuclear weapons and other lethal weapons and a territory swarmed with armed forces, and the danger of war is growing with every passing day. If a war breaks out in Korea, it will be soon expanded to a war of world-wide scale.

Only when US troops are withdrawn from south Korea is it possible to avoid war danger in Korea, pave the way of peaceful reunification and eliminate the source of tension in Asia.

US troop withdrawal from south Korea is vital for the solution of Korea's reunification and it fully accords with the interests of the peacelovers the world over.

No wonder that the peaceloving peoples of the whole world strongly demand the pullout of the US imperialist aggressor troops from south Korea and this demand is increasingly voiced on the occasion of the month of anti-US joint struggle (June 25-July 27).

US imperialism must give ear to their voices and act with discretion. It must immediately pull out all its troops and weapons of mass destruction from south Korea.

**Li Jip**

**US citizens march with placards lifted up. A placard reads "US troops, quit south Korea"**

# Pak Jung Hi Is Usurper of Political Power

**The south Korean puppets rigged up the election of traitor Pak Jung Hi in the "presidential election" at the "National Conference for Unification", their hand-raising machine, on July 6. In connection with this, a joint statement was published by the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland, the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland and the Association of Former South Korean Politicians in the North for the Promotion of Peaceful Reunification and an appeal to the south Korean people by the Central Committee of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification in south Korea.**

## Statement

The statement of the afore-said organizations, in the name of the entire Korean people, sternly denounced the usurpation of power by traitor Pak Jung Hi who has seized the "presidential chair" by a deceptive method this time, maintaining his sway through repeated "constitutional revisions" and the "Yusin" din after snatching power.

Branding traitor Pak Jung Hi as a top-level betrayer and quisling who can no longer belong to our nation, the statement pointed out that the traitor to the nation, the nation-splitting element, with whom the nation cannot live nor discuss the reunification problem, must be overthrown without delay.

If traitor Pak Jung Hi is removed from power and a patriotic democrat put in power, the statement said, we will have a dialogue with him and jointly hew the road of national reunification on the basis of the three principles, a common programme of the nation. After noting that the United States and Japan are to blame for the usurpation of power by traitor Pak Jung Hi, the statement demanded that they stop supporting traitor Pak Jung Hi and that all US aggression forces including nuclear weapons be withdrawn from south Korea.

The statement expressed the hope that all the honest-minded people of the world will lift up louder voices denouncing the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's scheme for permanent office and splittist plots.

## Appeal

In its appeal to the south Korean people, the Central Committee of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification pointed out: On July 6 arch-traitor Pak Jung Hi with unbounded greed for power committed another unpardonable crime by staging presidential election farce at the "National Conference for Unification", his hand-raising machine, and rigging up his "election". This, it condemns, is an open declaration for imposing a bitter life upon the south Korean people and an anti-national fascist outrage for forcing upon our fellow countrymen misfortunes and sufferings, the greatest ever in history.

The appeal solemnly declared invalid the recent election run through with illegality and intrigue. It called upon all those who want democracy and desire reunification to come out as one in the just struggle against the Yusin fascist dictatorship of Pak Jung Hi.

# Let Us All Start Onrush to Topple Pak Jung Hi's Dictatorship

### 8 "Mindan" -Lining Organizations Issue Statement, Japanese Newspapers Publish Articles

The Japan Headquarters of the "National Congress for the Restoration of Democracy in South Korea and the Promotion of Unification" ("Hanmintong"), "Mindan Committee for Defence of Independence", "Union of Overseas South Koreans for Democracy, Nation and Unification" and five other "Mindan"-lining organizations lashed at the "presidential election" farce in south Korea in their joint statement issued with regard to the formation of the "National Union for Democracy" in south Korea.

Referring to the fact that through the "presidential election" farce the puppet clique rigged up the return of traitor Pak Jung Hi, the statement pointed out that this is an intolerable crime intended to perpetuate the one-man dictatorial regime, flouting the sovereignty of the nation and hoodwinking public opinion.

It declared that the fraudulent "presidential election" of the puppets can never be recognized.

The statement warmly supported and hailed the formation of the "National Union for Democracy" in south Korea on July 5 and called upon the democratic-minded people to start an onrush to topple the dictatorship of Pak Jung Hi in firm unity under its banner.

Meanwhile, leading papers of Japan made public articles regarding the robbery of power committed by traitor Pak Jung Hi.

"Yomiuri Shimbun" July 6 recalled the fact that puppet Pak Jung Hi had himself registered as the only "presidential candidate" and then cooked up his "election as president" and noted that in south Korea the anti-"government" forces will "raise stronger opposition" against the present regime.

Pointing out that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique will be placed in a more difficult position in the coming days, "Mainichi Shimbun" dated July 7 said: "It is apparent that the Pak regime will be faced with a grave turnover".

In its editorial the July 6 issue of "Asahi Shimbun" recalled the fact that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are now encountering with the resistance of the people from within and public condemnation and denunciation from without. This is an awful headache for the puppets, it added.

# Evil Design

Not long ago puppet Pak Jung Hi again took the "presidential" office through the bogus election held at the "National Conference for Unification".

This is another burglarious act he committed against the will of the people.

As is generally known, the "National Conference for Unification" is an instrument of puppet Pak Jung Hi for his permanent rule and a black market for usurping "presidency".

Traitor Pak Jung Hi solidified this instrument with his yesmen. This was aimed at letting it register him as a sole "presidential candidate" and rigging up his "election to presidency" with ease, allowing no one to speak against or for.

The talking about "election" and "return" is a shameless and intolerable insult to the people. Expressing unbounded hatred for and indignation at the usurpation of power, the south Korean people now disclose the illegality of this burlesque of the puppets in the back room and declare traitor Pak Jung Hi's "election" null and void. And they strongly demand that this guy give up his wild ambition for long-term office and step down from power immediately.

The south Korean people know too well what a great misery they have to suffer when traitor Pak Jung Hi continues to remain in power.

What this mean fellow has done over the past 17 years since his advent to power with the backing of the US imperialists is the conversion of south Korea into an unheard-of hell under the reign of fascism, into a dual colony of the US and Japan. He has condemned the popular masses to poverty and caused the tragedy of prolonged division.

At a time when the desire for peace and national reunification has become an irresistible demand of our era, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, obstinately resorting to the moves for permanent division, are internally spreading the theories that "reunification is impossible" and "division is advantageous" and externally the theories of "UN admission" and "cross recognition".

Pak Jung Hi, a fascist tyrant, vile flunkeyist and traitor to the nation, tries to continue with police rule and treacherous rule by holding the presidential post through the bogus election. This is an unbearable act insulting and mocking at the people.

As long as puppet Pak Jung Hi stays in power, liberties, democracy and the improvement in people's living can hardly be hoped for nor can the reunification of the country be expected.

Puppet Pak Jung Hi must abandon his despicable and foolish design to remain in power by means of swindle and step down from power without delay as unanimously demanded by the people.

**Yun Hae Ik**

**Koreans resident in Bonn, West Germany, stage a demo carrying placards with the words "Down with Pak dictatorship"**

## "Blue House" in Isolation

A report said that recently more than 200 south Korean artistes who had been on a performance tour of foreign countries refused to return home.

Explaining the reason for their decision of seeking a refuge, the report said that they found it difficult to endure the Pak Jung Hi clique's misrule.

Owing to their savage suppressive measures against human rights and flunkeyist-treacherous acts, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are being forsaken from more and more people.

This is evidenced by the frequent exodus of ruling circles and the recent artistes' incident.

It is a law that those who are at odds with people are forsaken from them.

The south Korean artistes' seeking asylum abroad is another evidence showing that the "Blue House" (Pak Jung Hi's residence) is isolated within and without and its days are numbered.

## South Korea Deeply in Debt

The debt of the south Korean puppet government as of the end of last year amounted to over 4,688,200 million *won*, according to a report from Seoul. This is 997,300 million *won* greater than the figure of 1976.

The increasing debt is explained by the fact that it induced large foreign loans and issued bonds randomly without solvency to step up preparations for a war against the north.

# Mammoth Demo and Rally in New York

# "US Troops, Get Out of S. Korea!"

On the occasion of the "month of anti-US joint struggle", a mammoth demo and rally denouncing the US imperialists' war policy in Korea and the US forces' occupation of south Korea were held in New York, on June 24.

Members of 28 anti-war and peace organizations and solidarity organizations and many public figures and Korean residents in the US attended them which were sponsored by the Committee in Solidarity with the Korean People, the Guardian Committee for Supporting Korean Reunification and the "US-Out-of-Korea Committee" of the Youth against War and Fascism.

Demonstrators got together in the heart of New York, carrying placards and panels bearing the slogans "US troops, get out of south Korea!", "The fascist dictatorship in south Korea is a product of the US", "US, renounce its war policy against Korea!", "Carter, bring back 40,000-odd US troops!" "US, stop aid to Pak Jung Hi fascist dictatorship!" and marched towards the south Korean puppet consulate general, chanting these slogans.

Scared by the angry waves of demonstrators, the members of the south Korean puppet consulate general hid themselves in the building in dead silence, with the flag and the signboard removed from it.

Those who participated in the demonstration distributed copies of manifestos and appeals among passers-by.

A manifesto said:

The US troops are foreign forces occupying south Korea since the end of World War II and they are now preparing for a new war there.

Carter said that he would withdraw 800 troops from south Korea this year. So, would Carter completely pull back over 40,000 troops from it during above fifty years?

Another manifesto said:

The US must withdraw its troops and nuclear weapons from south Korea and end its aid to the Pak Jung Hi fascist dictatorship.

June 25 this year is the 28th anniversary of the outbreak of the Korean war by the US. On this day the progressive people the world over, join in the common struggle to terminate US interference in south Korea!

We support the just struggle of the Korean people.

Many wayfarers joined the columns of demonstrators.

An American woman, taking part in the demonstration, said:

Among US soldiers in south Korea is my son. When Carter said in his election commitment that he would pull out US troops stationed in south Korea, I expressed support to him.

But today I oppose and curse him.

The demo was followed by a rally.

At the rally a number of persons took the floor, among them the Chairman of the Committee in Solidarity with the Korean People.

The speakers denounced the US forces' occupation of south Korea and the US war moves in Korea and called for waging a vigorous solidarity movement in the US in support of the Korean people.

## SOLIDARITY AND COOPERATION

★ A meeting was held on June 27 at the theatre of the Wonsan Youth Hall to form the Kangwon provincial branch of the Korea-Syria Friendship Association.

★ The Central Committee of the Korea-Soviet Friendship Association arranged a film show on July 4 at the Chollima House of Culture in Pyongyang to mark the 17th anniversary of the conclusion of the treaty of friendship, cooperation and mutual assistance between Korea and the Soviet Union.

★ A gathering of soldiers was held on July 6 at the unit of the Korean People's Army to which Comrade Chon Mun Uk belongs on the occasion of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Albanian People's Army.

★ A Mongolian film week was inaugurated at the Taedongmun Cinema House in Pyongyang on July 6 under the sponsorship of the Ministry of Culture and Art to observe the 57th anniversary of the Mongolian People's Revolution.

A friendship gathering was held at the Foreign Ministry of our country on July 9. A meeting was also held to mark the festive day at the Chollima House of Culture in Pyongyang on the 10th.

★ An agreement on scientific and technological cooperation between the governments of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Lao People's Democratic Republic was signed on June 10 in Vientiane.

★ An agreement on cultural cooperation between Korea and Jordan was signed on June 15 in the capital of Jordan.

★ An agreement on the exchange of information and mutual cooperation was signed between the Korean Central News Agency and the Taratra News Agency of Madagascar in the capital of Madagascar on June 19.

★ An agreement on cooperation in hydrological work along the Amnok-gang and Tuman-gang rivers was signed on June 30 in Peking between the Hydro-meteorological Bureau of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Ministry of Water Conservancy and Power of the People's Republic of China.

## Friendship Visits

☆ Ramadhan Amin Dada, elder brother of Idi Amin Dada, President of the Republic of Uganda, and his party was on a visit to our country from June 19 to 29.

☆ A delegation of the Dietmen's League for Promotion of Japan-Korea Friendship led by its Chairman Kuno Chuji, Member of the House of Representatives from the Liberal-Democratic Party and ex-Minister of Postal Services, visited the DPRK from June 24 to July 1.

☆ A Tanzanian educational delegation headed by M. Mohammed, Deputy Minister of Education of Zanzibar of the United Republic of Tanzania, was here from June 6 to July 1.

☆ A delegation of the Khabarovsk Maritime Provincial Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union headed by its Secretary V. P. Gabrilov stayed here from June 22 to July 1.

☆ Zia Ahmed Khan, Joint Secretary of the Karachi Pakistan-Korea Friendship Association, and his wife had been here between June 27 and July 1.

☆ A delegation of the Ministry of Mining of the Polish People's Republic led by Deputy Minister of Mining Gerard Kroczek paid a visit to Korea from June 26 to July 4.

# Felicitations to the Iraqi People

The Iraqi people greet the memorable 20th anniversary of the July 14 revolution and 10th anniversary of the victory of the July 17 revolution.

On these historic red-letter days which brought the joy of genuine life to the Iraqi people, the Korean people offer warm congratulations to them.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

**"Since the proclamation of the Republic of Iraq, particularly since the victory of the July 17 revolution, the Iraqi people under the correct leadership of Your Excellency President have scored great successes in their struggle for the independent development of their country and the building of a new society, holding aloft the banner of anti-imperialism and independence."**

Today, the Iraqi people, under the correct leadership of President Ahmed Hassan al-Bakr, are achieving brilliant successes in their efforts to consolidate national independence and develop the national economy and culture under the slogan of "unity, solidarity and socialism".

The basis of the national industry has been created and the state sector of the economy further increased. At present, the state sector accounts for 80 per cent in the country's industrial production.

These days a number of new factories and enterprises including three cement factories and 12 brickyards are in course of construction.

Active steps have been taken for agricultural development, and work is being pushed forward to transform the private economy through cooperatives and strengthen the already-organized state farms and agricultural cooperatives.

Education, culture and public health have also made rapid progress.

In Iraq today there are about 2,260 anti-illiteracy centres where more than 117,000 people learn how to read and write.

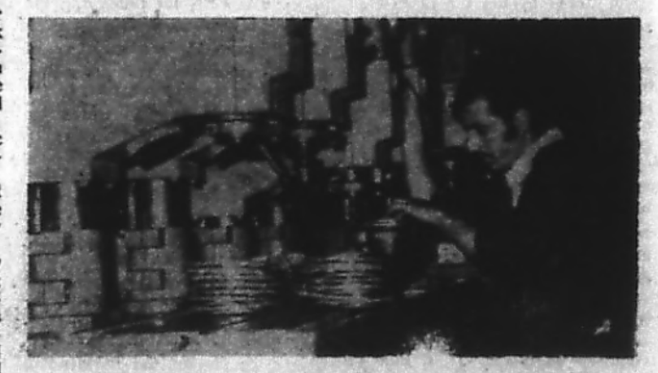
The Iraqi government actively pursues the policy of non-alignment and strives to smash the aggressive manoeuvres of the Zionists who are instigated by the US imperialists and to restore the national rights of the Palestinian people and defend the national dignity of the Arab people.

The Korean people warmly congratulate the Iraqi people on their successes attained in the struggle for the construction of a new society and positively support the anti-imperialist and independent stand maintained by them.

The Iraqi government and people always give active support and encouragement to our people's struggle for the country's independent and peaceful reunification in the UN General Assembly and on other occasions.

The Korean people who prize the friendly and cooperative relations with the Iraqi people sincerely wish them greater success in their struggle to build a new, prosperous Iraq and defend the national dignity of the Arab people.

**Kim Gyong Hui**



**Iraqi workers increase the production of light industrial goods**

Published by the Pyongyang Times Pyongyang, Democratic People's Republic of Korea No. 13014-89770